V14 Series Axial Piston Variable Motors Service Manual

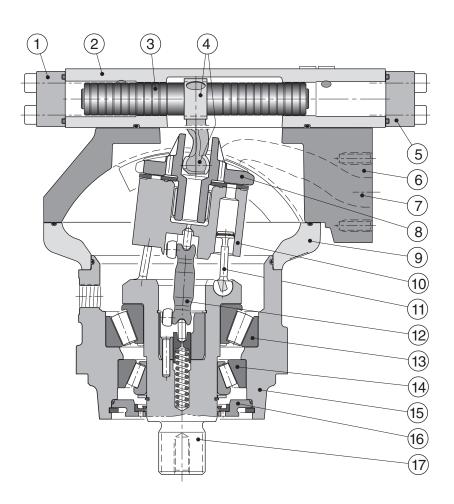


Content	Page
Specifications	27
V14 cross section	27
Continuous Speed vs. Displacement	28
Efficiency diagrams	28
Controls – general information	29
AC pressure compensator	29
AH pressure compensator	32
EO, EP, HO and HP controls (general info.)	33
EO electric two-position control	35
EP electrohydraulic proportional control	36
HO hydraulic two-position control	37
HP hydraulic proportional control	38
EPC/HPC, EP/HP control with pressure cut off	39
Ordering codes	40
Installation dimensions	43
V14-110, ISO version	43
V14-110, Cartridge version	44
V14-110, SAE version	45
V14-160, ISO version	46
V14-160, Cartridge version	47
V14-160, SAE version	48
Valve and sensor options (overview)	92
Installation and start-up information	96



V14 cross section

- 1. End cover, min displ.
- 2. Control module
- 3. Setting piston
- 4. Connecting arm
- 5. End cover, max displ.
- 6. Connection module
- 7. Main pressure port
- 8. Valve segment
- 9. Intermediate housing
- 10. Cylinder barrel
- 11. Spherical piston with laminated piston ring
- 12. Synchronizing shaft
- 13. Inner roller bearing
- 14. Outer roller bearing
- 15. Bearing housing
- 16. Shaft seal with retainer
- 17. Output shaft



Specifications

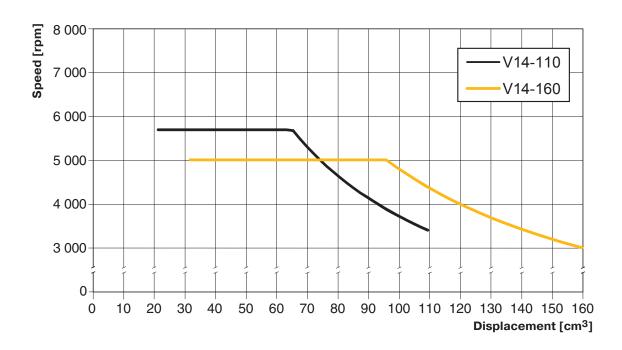
V14 frame size	110	160
Displacement [cm ³ /rev]		
- max, at 35°	110	160
- min, at 6.5°	22 32	
Operating pressure [bar]		
- max intermittent 1)	480	480
- max continuous 420 42		420
Operating speed [rpm]		
- at 35°, max intermittent 1)	3900	3400
- at 35°, max continuous	3400	3000
- at 6.5° – 20°, max intermittent 1)	6500	5700
- at 6.5° – 20°, max continuous	5700	5000
- min continuous	50	50

V14 frame size	110	160
Flow [I/min]		
- max intermittent 1)	430	550
- max continuous	375	480
Torque (theor.) at 100 bar [Nm]	175	255
Max otput power ¹⁾ [kW]	262	335
Corner power [kW]		
- intermittent 1)	570	730
- continuous 440		560
Mass moment of inertia		
$(x10^{-3})$ [kg m ²]	8.2	14.5
Weight [kg]	54	68

¹⁾ Max 6 seconds in any one minute.



Continuous Speed vs. Displacement



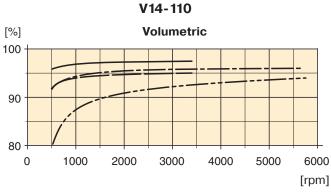
Efficiency diagrams

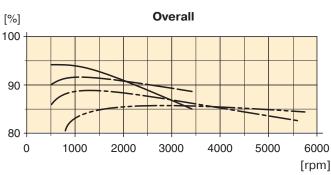
The following diagrams show volumetric, mechanical and overall efficiencies versus shaft speed at 210 and 420 bar operating pressure, and at full (35°) and reduced (10°) displacements.

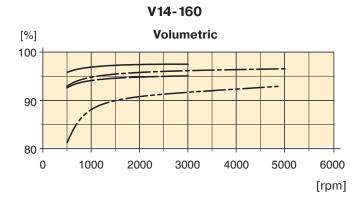
Information on efficiencies for a specific load condition can be made available from Parker Hannifin.

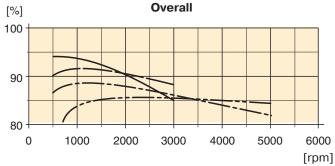
210 bar at full displacement
420 bar " " "

210 bar at reduced displacement
420 bar " " "











Controls – general information

The following V14 controls satisfy most application requirements:

- AC and AH (automatic pressure compensators)
- EO and HO (two-position controls)
- EP and HP (proportional controls)
- **HPC/EPC** (HP/EP control with pressure cut off, see page 39)

All controls utilize a servo piston that connects to the valve segment (refer to the illustration on page 27).

The built-in four-way servo valve determines the position of the servo piston and, in turn, the displacement.

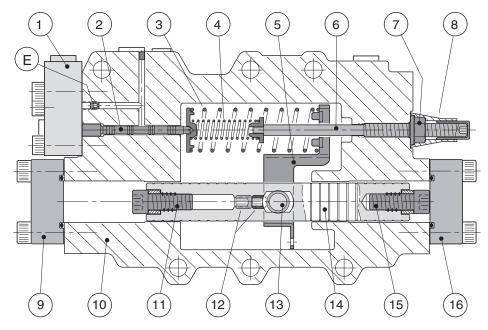
The displacement angle (between output shaft and cylinder barrel) ranges from 35° (max) to 6.5° (min).

Servo supply pressure is obtained from the pressurized, main port through the corresponding, built-in shuttle valve.

The response time (i.e. from max-to-min or from min-to-max displacement) is determined by restrictor nozzles in the servo valve supply and return lines; refer to the schematics.

NOTE: The modulating pressure/current, $\Delta p/\Delta l$ values are valid for motors that are not diplacement limited.

AC pressure compensator



Cross section of the AC pressure compensator module.

- 1. AC control cover
- 2. Servo valve spool
- 3. Modulating spring
- 4. Threshold spring
- 5. Feedback arm
- 6. Threshold adjustment screw
- 7. Seal nut
- 8. Two-part seal (threshold adjustm't)

- 9. End cover (max displ.)
- 10. Control module housing
- 11. Max displ. limiting screw/bushing
- 12. Set screws
- 13. Connecting arm
- 14. Setting piston
- 15. Min displ. limiting screw/bushing
- 16. End cover (min displ.).
- E. Orifice location; refer to the hydraulic schematics, pages 31 to 32.

^{*} Yellow cap = factory set. Red cap 3797065 available as spare part

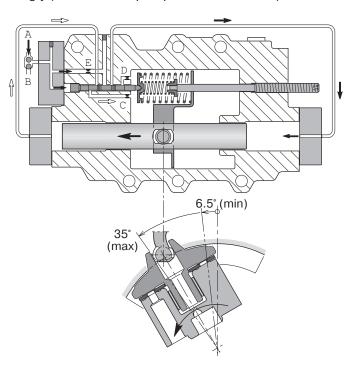


AC compensator function

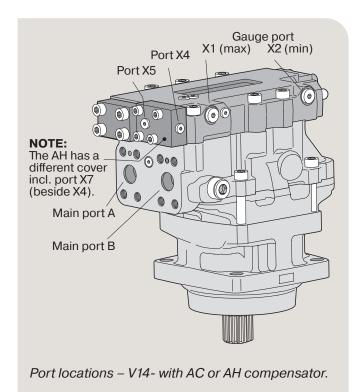
Refer to the illustration below (left):

When pressure in port A (or B) increases, the servo valve spool is pushed to the right, directing flow to the right hand setting chamber – the setting piston moves to the left; displacement and output torque increases.

At the same time, the shaft speed decreases correspondingly (at a constant pump flow to the motor).



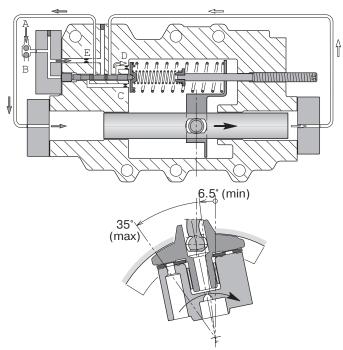
AC function (displ. increases at increasing system pressure).



Refer to the illustration below (right):

When pressure in port A (or B) decreases, the servo valve spool moves to the left, directing flow to the left hand setting chamber – the setting piston moves to the right; displacement and output torque decreases.

At the same time, the shaft speed increases correspondingly (at a constant pump flow to the motor).



AC function (displ. decreases at decreasing system pressure).

Gauge/pilot ports (AH compensator)		
X1	Setting piston pressure (decreasing displ.)	
X2	Setting piston pressure (increasing displ.)	
X4	Servo supply pressure (before orifice and filter)	
X5	Pilot pressure	
X7	Override pressure (on the AH)	
Port s	Port sizes:	
-	M14x1.5 (ISO and cartridge versions)	
_	⁹ / ₁₆ "-18 O-ring boss (SAE version).	



AC compensator function (cont'd)

The AC compensator is used in off-road vehicle hydrostatic propel transmissions. The compensator automatically adjusts motor displacement between available max and min to the output torque requirement (up to max available system pressure).

Normally, the motor stays in the minimum displacement position. When there is a demand for additional torque, e.g. when the vehicle enters an upgrade, the displacement increases (providing more torque) while the motor shaft speed decreases proportionally.

The threshold pressure, where displacement starts to increase (' p_s '; refer to the AC diagram), is adjustable between 100 and 400 bar.

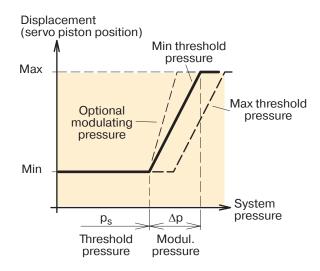
To reach max displacement, an additional modulating pressure (Δp) above the threshold pressure is required.

To satisfy specific hydraulic circuit requirements, a modulating pressure of 15, 25, 50 or 80 bar can be selected.

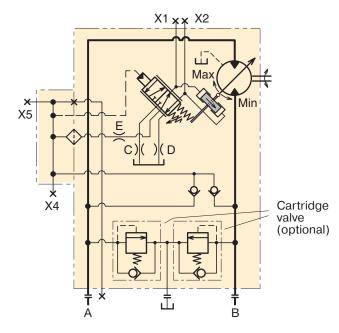
The pressure compensator is supplied with a small filter installed in the AC control cover (between ports X4 and X5); refer to the schematic below right.

Gauge/pilot ports (AC and AH compensators):		
X1	Setting piston pressure (decreasing displ.)	
X2	Setting piston pressure (increasing displ.)	
X4	Servo supply pressure (before orifice and filter)	
X5	Pilot pressure	
Port	Port sizes:	
_	M14 x 1.5 (ISO and cartridge versions)	
_	9/ ₁₆ "-18 O-ring boss (SAE version).	

NOTE: Port locations are shown in the illustration on page 30.



AC diagram (displacement vs. system pressure).



AC schematic (shown: control moving towards min displ.)

AH pressure compensator

The AH compensator incorporates an hydraulic over-ride device. It is utilized in hydrostatic transmissions where a high degree of manoeuvrability at low vehicle speeds is desirable.

When the override is pressurized, the setting piston moves to the max displacement position irrespective of system pressure, provided the servo supply pressure is at least 30 bar.

Required override pressure, port X7 (min 20 bar):

$$p_7 = \frac{p_S + \Delta p}{24} [bar]$$

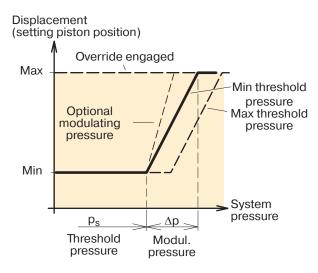
 p_7 = Override pressure

 p_s = System pressure

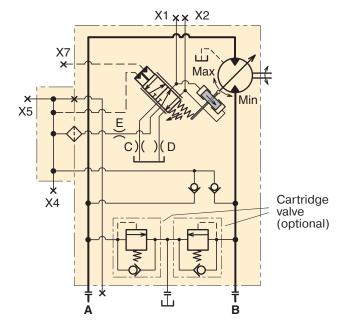
Δp= Modulating pressure

Gauge/pilot ports (AH compensator):	
X1	Setting piston pressure (decreasing displ.)
X2	Setting piston pressure (increasing displ.)
X4	Servo supply pressure (before orifice and filter)
X5	Pilot pressure
X7	Override pressure
Port sizes:	
_	M14x1.5 (ISO and cartridge versions)
_	9/ ₁₆ "-18 O-ring boss (SAE version).

NOTE: Port locations are shown in the illustration on page 30.



AH diagram (displacement vs. system pressure).



AH schematic (shown: override port X7 not pressurized; the compensator is moving towards min displacement).



EO, EP, HO and HP controls

(general information)

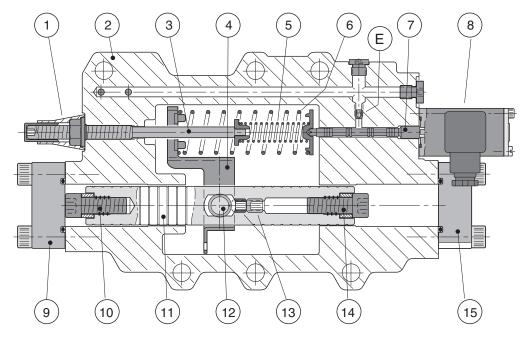
Basically, these controls function in a similar way.

At increasing solenoid current (EP) or increasing pilot pressure (HP) the control moves towards the min displacement position.

At decreasing current or pilot pressure, the control retracts towards max displacement.

In comparison with EP and HP, the EO and HO controls have no modulating spring; this means that only min and max displacements can be obtained with these controls.

Max and min displacements can be limited by a screw with spacer bushing as shown below.



Cross section of the EP control module.

- 1. Two-part seal (threshold adjustm't) *
- 2. Control module housing
- 3. Threshold adjustment screw
- 4. Feedback arm
- 5. Threshold spring
- 6. Modulating spring (EP, HP only)
- 7. Servo valve spool
- 8. Solenoid (EO, EP only); cover on HO, HP
- 9. End cover (max displ. limit)

- 10. Max displ. limiting screw/bushing
- 11. Setting piston
- 12. Connecting arm
- 13. Set screws
- 14. Min displ. limiting screw/bushing
- 15. End cover (min displ. limit)
- E. Orifice location; refer to the hydraulic schematics, pages 35 to 38.

^{*} Yellow cap = factory set.

Red cap 3797065 available as spare part

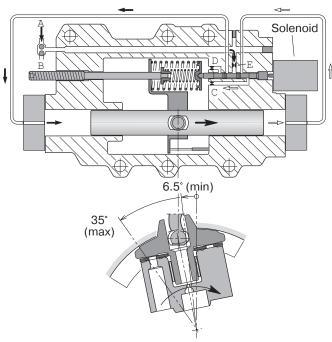


EP control function (solenoid current increasing)

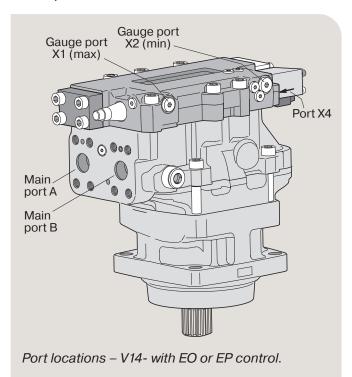
NOTE: Valid also for the HP at increasing pilot pressure.

Refer to the illustration below left:

At an increasing current (above the threshold value), the solenoid spool pushes left on the servo valve spool, and flow is directed to the left hand setting chamber - the setting piston moves to the right and the displacement decreases. This means, that the shaft speed in-creases while the output torque decreases correspondingly (at a constant pump flow and system pressure).



EP control function (displ. decrease at increasing current).



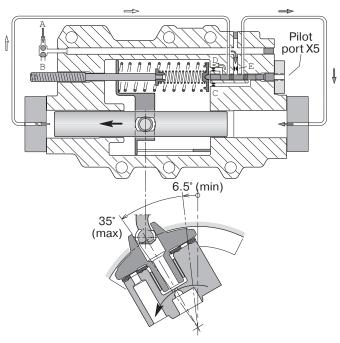
HP control function (decreasing pilot pressure)

NOTE: Valid also for the EP at decreasing current.

Refer to the illustration below right:

When the pilot pressure decreases, the servo valve spool moves to the right and flow is directed to the right hand setting chamber – the setting piston moves to the left and the displacement increases.

The shaft speed now decreases and the available output torque increases correspondingly (at a constant pump flow and system pressure).



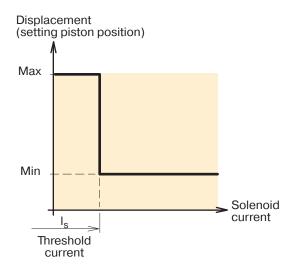
HP control function (displ. increase at decreasing pilot press.).

Gauge/pilot ports (EO and EP controls):	
X1	Setting piston pressure (decreasing displ.)
X2	Setting piston pressure (increasing displ.)
X4	Servo supply pressure (before orifice)
Port sizes:	
_	M14 x 1.5 (ISO and cartridge versions)
_	⁹ / ₁₆ "-18 O-ring boss (SAE version).



EO electric two-position control

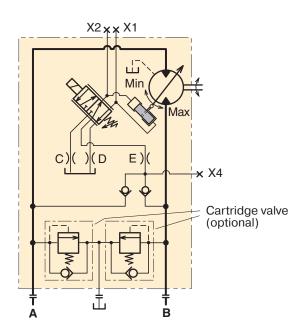
- The EO is a two-position control where the position of the setting piston is governed by a DC solenoid (acting on the servo spool) which is attached to the control module (refer to the illustration on page 34).
- The EO is utilized in transmissions where only two operating modes are required low speed/high torque and high speed/low torque.
- The setting piston, normally in the max displacement position, shifts to min displacement as soon as the solenoid is activated.
- Intermediate displacements cannot be obtained with this control.



Gauge/pilot ports (EO and EP controls):	
X1	Setting piston pressure (decreasing displ.)
X2	Setting piston pressure (increasing displ.)
X4	Servo supply pressure (before orifice)
Port sizes:	
_	M14 x 1.5 (ISO and cartridge versions)
_	⁹ / ₁₆ "-18 O-ring boss (SAE version).

NOTE: Port locations are shown in the illustration on page 34.

- Servo pressure is supplied internally (through a check valve from the utilized high pressure port); refer to the schematic below.
- The solenoid is either 12 or 24 VDC, requiring 1 200 mA and 600 mA respectively.
- -The male connector, type Deutsch DT04-2P (IP67) is permanently installed on the solenoid. The corresponding female connector is not included. **Note:** The female connector is available as spare part P-N 3787488.
- The threshold current of the 12 VDC solenoid is factory set at 400 mA; it is adjustable between 200 and 500 mA. The 24 VDC solenoid is factory set at 200 mA and is adjustable between 100 and 250 mA.

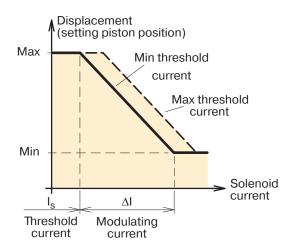


EO schematic (shown: non-activated solenoid; control in max displacement position).

EP electrohydraulic proportional control

- The EP electrohydraulic proportional control is used in hydrostatic transmissions requiring a continuously variable shaft speed. The position of the setting piston is governed by a DC solenoid (acting on the servo valve spool), attached to the control module (refer to the illustration on page 34).
- When the solenoid current increases above the threshold value, the setting piston starts to move from max towards min displacement. The displacement vs. solenoid current is shown in the diagram below.

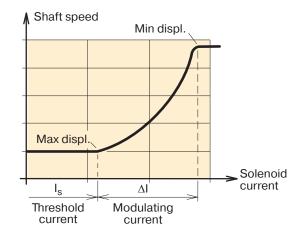
NOTE: The shaft speed is **not** proportional to the solenoid current; refer to the bottom diagram.



EP diagram (displacement vs. solenoid current).

Gauge/pilot ports (EO and EP controls):	
X1	Setting piston pressure (decreasing displ.)
X2	Setting piston pressure (increasing displ.)
X4	Servo supply pressure (before orifice)
Port sizes:	
_	M14x1.5 (ISO and cartridge versions)
_	⁹ / ₁₆ "-18 O-ring boss (SAE version).

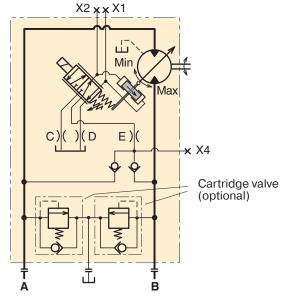
NOTE: Port locations are shown in the illustration on page 34.



Note: The shaft speed is **not** proportional to the solenoid current.

- The solenoid is either 12 or 24 VDC, requiring 1200 and 600 mA respectively.
- The male connector, type Deutsch DT04-2P (IP67) is permanently installed on the solenoid. The corresponding female connector is not included. **Note:** The female connector is available as spare part P-N 3787488.
- The threshold current of the 12 VDC solenoid is factory set at 400 mA; it is adjustable between 200 and 500 mA. The 24 VDC solenoid is factory set at 200 mA and is adjustable between 100 and 250 mA.
- When utilizing the full displacement range, the required modulating current (ΔI) is 600 mA (12V solenoid) and 300 mA (24 V solenoid) for V14-110, 345 mA (24 V solenoid) for V14-160 respectively. In order to minimize hysteresis, a pulse-width modulated control signal of 50 to 60 Hz should be provided.

NOTE: The modulating current (ΔI) is not adjustable.

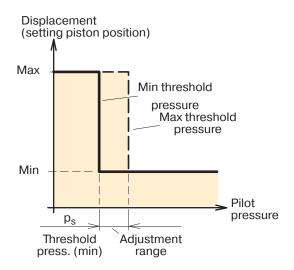


EP schematic (shown: non-activated solenoid; control moving towards max displacement).



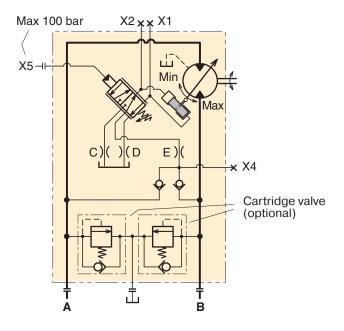
HO hydraulic two-position control

- The two-position HO control is similar to the EO (page 35) but the control signal is hydraulic. The position of the setting piston is governed by the built-in servo valve spool (same as on all controls).
- When the applied pilot pressure (port X5) exceeds the pre-set threshold value, the setting piston moves from the max to the min displacement position.
- Positions between max and min cannot be obtained with this control.
- The threshold pressure is factory set at 10 bar but is adjustable between 5 and 25 bar.

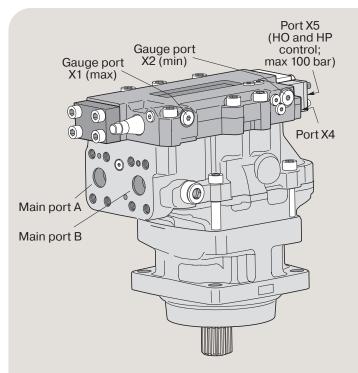


HO diagram (displacement vs. pilot pressure).

Gauge/pilot ports (HO and HP controls):	
X1	Setting piston pressure (decreasing displ.)
X2	Setting piston pressure (increasing displ.)
X4	Servo supply pressure (before orifice)
X5	External pilot pressure (max 100 bar; HO and HP control)
Port sizes:	
_	M14x1.5 (ISO and cartridge versions)
_	⁹ / ₁₆ "-18 O-ring boss (SAE version).



HO schematic (shown: port X5 not pressurized; control in max displ. position).

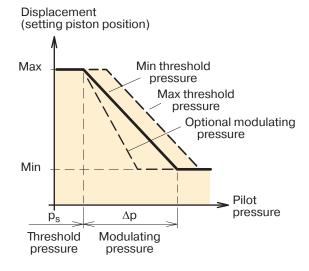


Port locations – V14-110 with HO or HP control.



HP hydraulic proportional control

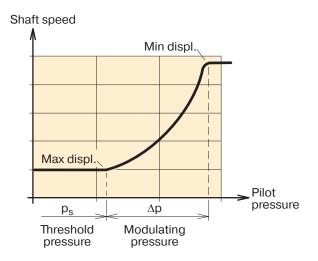
- Like the EP described on page 34, the HP proportional control offers continuously variable displacement, but the controlling signal is hydraulic.
- Normally, the setting piston stays in the max displacement position. When a sufficiently high pilot pressure (p_s) is applied to port X5, the setting piston starts to move towards the min displacement position.



HP diagram (displacement vs. pilot pressure).

Gauge/pilot ports (HP control):		
X1	Setting piston pressure (decreasing displ.)	
X2	Setting piston pressure (increasing displ.)	
X4	Servo supply pressure (before orifice)	
X5	External pilot pressure (max 100 bar)	
Port sizes:		
_	M14 x 1.5 (ISO and cartridge versions)	
_	⁹ / ₁₆ "-18 O-ring boss (SAE version).	

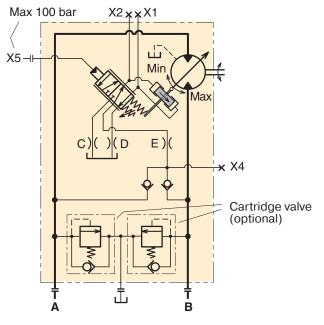
NOTE: Port locations are shown in the illustration on page 37.



Please note: The shaft speed is not proportional to the pilot pressure.

- As can be seen from the pilot pressure/displacement diagram below, the displacement changes in proportion to the applied modulating pressure.
- In contrast, the shaft speed is not proportional to the pilot pressure; refer to the bottom left diagram.
- To satisfy specific hydraulic circuit requirements, a modulating pressure of 15 or 25 bar can be selected; the threshold pressure (p_s) is set at 10 bar but is adjustable between 5 and 25 bar.

See also "Controls, Note" on page 29.



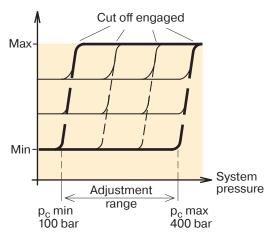
HP schematic (shown: port X5 not pressurized; control moving towards max displacement).



EPC/HPC, **EP/HP** control with pressure cut off

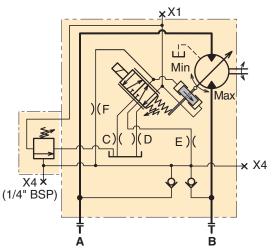
- The pressure cut off overlays the EP/HP control.
- If the system pressure increase, due to the load or reduced motor displacement to the setting of the pressure cut off valve, the control increases displacement. When displacement increases, the available torque increases as well but the system pressure remains constant.
- Pressure cut off setting range is 100 400 bar. One revolution corresponds to 48 bar (696 psi)
- Threshold pressure is preset from factory to 10 bar but is adjustable between 5 and 25 bar.
- For EPC the threshold current of the 12 VDC solenoid is factory set at 400 mA; it is adjustable between 200 and 500 mA. The 24 VDC solenoid is factory set at 200 mA and is adjustable between 100 and 250 mA.



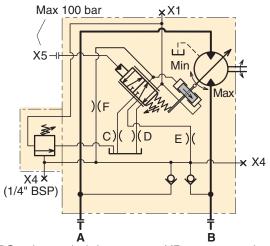


Gaug	e/pilot ports (EPC control):
X1	Setting piston pressure (decreasing displ.)
X4	Servo supply pressure (before orifice)
X4	Servo supply pressure (on EPC) BSP1/4" only
Port sizes:	
_	M14 x 1.5 (ISO and cartridge versions)
_	⁹ / ₁₆ "-18 O-ring boss (SAE version).

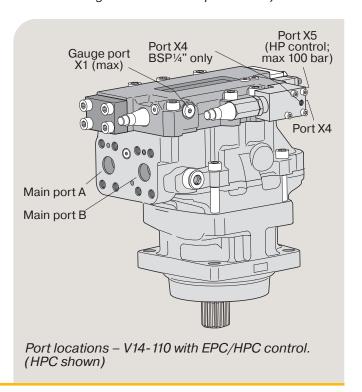
Gauge/pilot ports (HPC control):						
X1	Setting piston pressure (decreasing displ.)					
X4	X4 Servo supply pressure (before orifice)					
X4	Servo supply pressure (on HPC) BSP1/4" only					
X5	External pilot pressure (max 100 bar)					
Port sizes:						
_	M14x1.5 (ISO and cartridge versions)					
_	⁹ / ₁₆ "-18 O-ring boss (SAE version).					



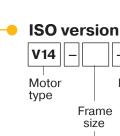
EPC schematic (control moving towards max displacement).

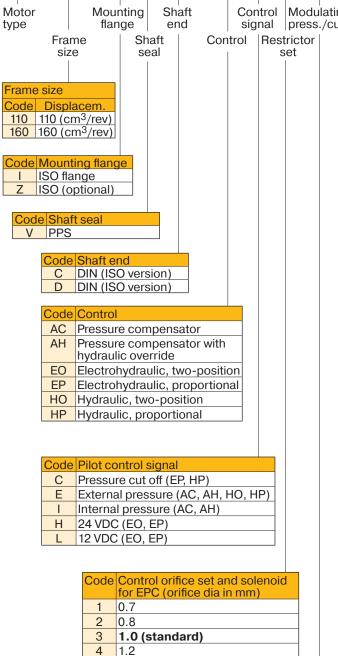


HPC schematic (shown: port X5 not pressurized; control moving towards max displacement).









Code	Control modulating pressure/current
N	AC, AD, AH, EO, HO: 0 bar; EP, EPC: Non-selectible current
Α	15 [bar] (AC, AH, HP, HPC)
В	25 [bar] (AC, AH, HP, HPC)
С	50 [bar] (AC, AH)
	80 [bar] (AC, AH)

			_				L.					/					
urrent Val		e op ress	ure S			r	ers	sioi	Mi	dis ax	and	ance	me in	ent	Th	- 1	ure t of
								A(S(1(E(4(2(H	O, A C, A elec O, E O, E O, E O, I O, I	H: and P: m/ HP	ores 35 4] - 4] -	ssu 50 [- 12	re l bar	bet r] 'DC		n.	-
			(Coc N P		Ser No	ne	or o	ver	ons	ons s (p	age					
	C	ode		alv	e c	per	nin	g p	res	su	re						_
	00	00	s [I A	ure <u>bar</u> Itei	re] (ı rna	t pre lief pag ative	val <u>e 9</u> ely:	ve 4)	ope	eni	ng	pre	SSL	ure			

ΠГ

Code	Valve options (pages 93 to 94)			
N	None			
В	Brake valve and pressure relief valves**			
L	-lushing valve			
Р	Pressure relief valves			
W	Load hold valve (for EPC/HPC only) ***			

Note:

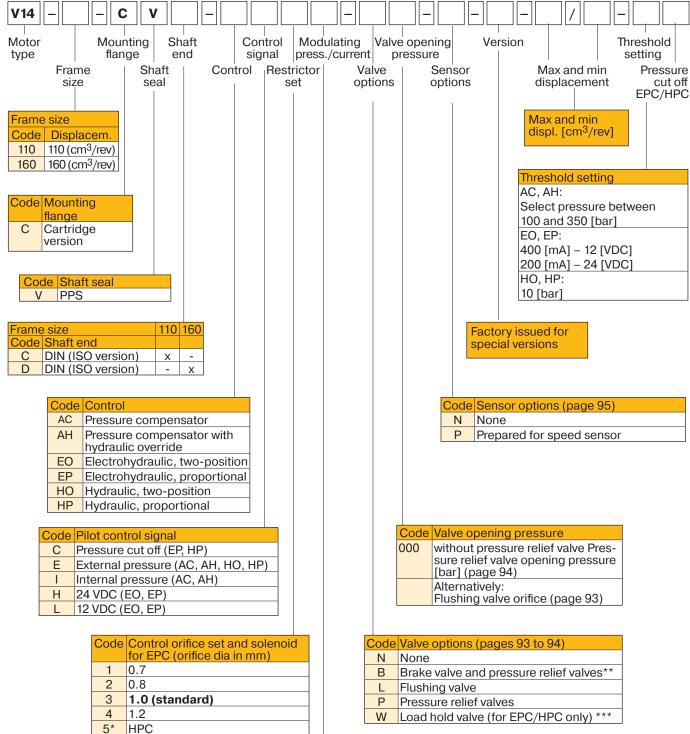
- * Control orifice set is not selectable for HPC, EPC
- ** Contact Parker Hannifin for additional information
- *** Possible to combined with pressure relief valve Contact Parker Hannifin for additional information



5*

HPC EPC 12 V EPC 24 V Special

Cartridge version



Code	Control modulating pressure/current					
N	AC, AH, EO, HO: 0 bar;					
	EP, EPC: Non-selectible current					
Α	15 [bar] (AC, AH, HP, HPC)					
В	25 [bar] (AC, AH, HP, HPC)					
С	50 [bar] (AC, AH)					
D	80 [bar] (AC, AH)					

Note:

- * Control orifice set is not selectable for HPC, EPC
- ** Contact Parker Hannifin for additional information
- *** Possible to combined with pressure relief valve Contact Parker Hannifin for additional information



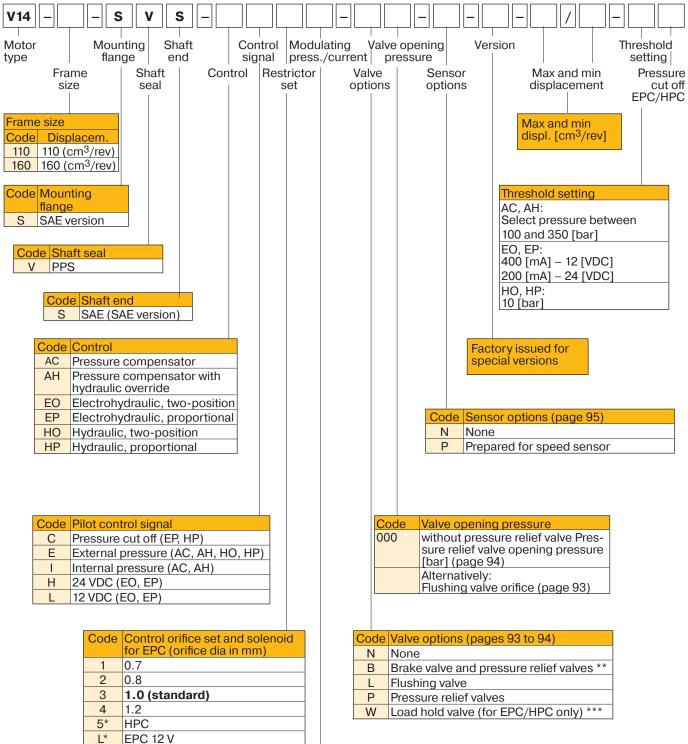
L*

H*

EPC 12 V

EPC 24 V Special





Code Control modulating pressure/current

EPC 24 V

Special

H*

N	AC, AH, EO, HO: 0 bar; EP, EPC: Non-selectible current
Α	15 [bar] (AC, AH, HP, HPC)
В	25 [bar] (AC, AH, HP, HPC)
С	50 [bar] (AC, AH)
D	80 [bar] (AC, AH)

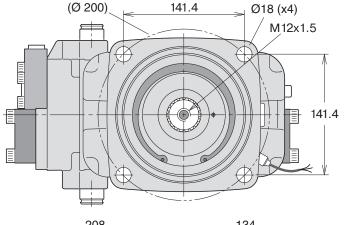
Note:

- * Control orifice set is not selectable for HPC, EPC
- ** Contact Parker Hannifin for additional information
- *** Possible to combined with pressure relief valve Contact Parker Hannifin for additional information

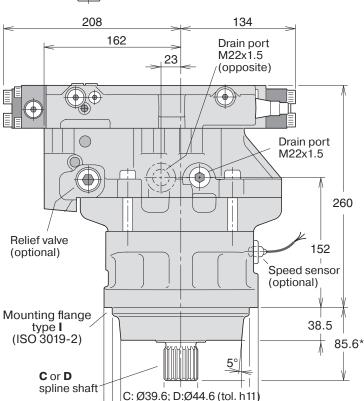


V14-110, ISO version





Shown: V14-110-ISO with AC compensator



Ø140.5

Ø160 (tol. h8)

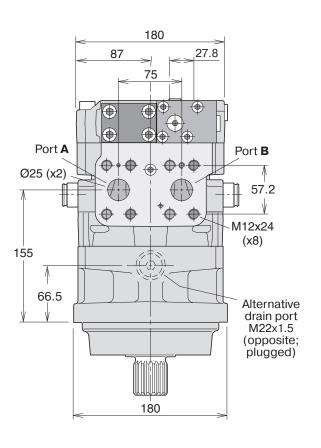
C: Ø39.6; D:Ø44.6 (tol. h11)

Ø90

Ø160 (tol. h8)

Ø180

Ø180



* Measurement valid for spline type C. Corresponding measurement for spline type D is 5 mm longer.

Spline type C¹⁾ (DIN 5480) V14-110 W40 x 2 x 18 x 9 g

Spline type D¹⁾ (DIN 5480) V14-110 W45 x 2 x 21 x 9 g

1) '30° involute spline, side fit' C:Ø 39.6; D:Ø 44.6; tol. h11

Ports	V14-110
Main ports	25 [1"]
Drain ports	M22 x 1.5

Main ports: ISO 6162, 41.5 MPa, type II



Mounting flange

type **Z** (ISO 3019-2)

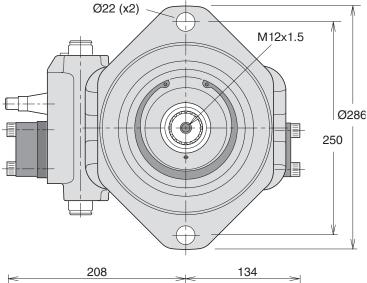
37

50

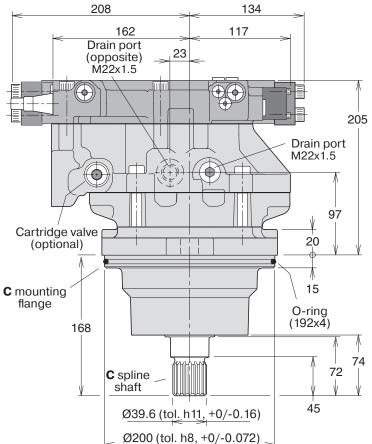
85.6*

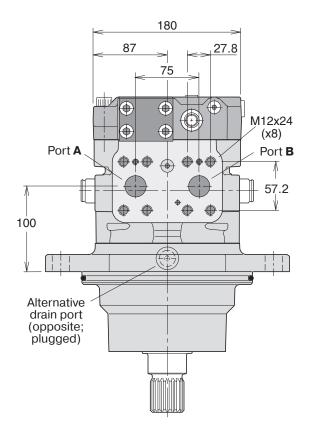
V14-110, Cartridge version





Shown: V14-110-cartridge with HO/HP control





Spline type C¹⁾ (DIN 5480)

W40 x 2 x 18 x 9 g V14-110

1) '30° involute spline, side fit'.

Ports	V14-110
Main ports	25 [1"]
Drain ports	M22 x 1.5

Main ports: ISO 6162, 41.5 MPa, type II

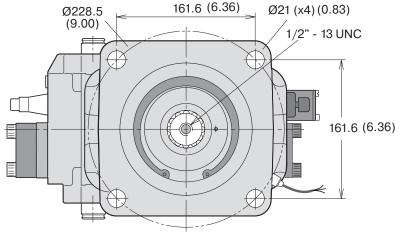


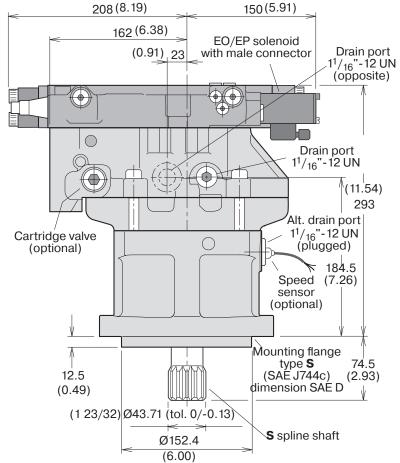
V14-110, SAE version

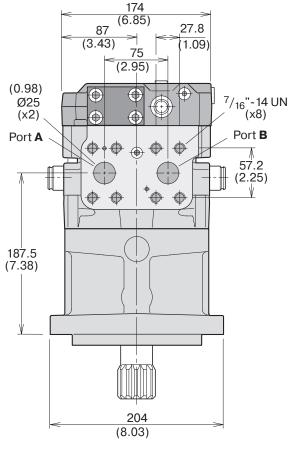


(inch)

Shown: V14-110-SAE with EO/EP control







Spline type S¹⁾ (SAE J498b)

V14-110	SAE 'D'
	(13T, 8/16 DP)

^{1) &#}x27;30° involute spline, side fit'.

Ports	V14-110
Main ports	25 [1"]
Drain ports	1 ¹ / ₁₆ "-12 UN

Main ports: SAE J518c, 6000 psi

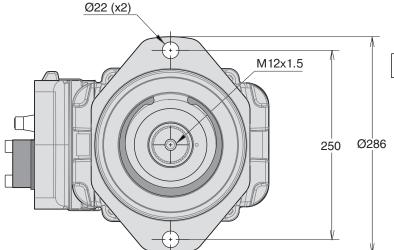


V14-160, ISO version 158.4 Ø17.5 (Ø224) (x4)M12x1.5 Shown: V14-160-ISO with AC compensator 158.4 180 219 123 180 Drain port 87 31.8 M22x1.5 26 83 (opposite) Port A Port **B** Drain port M22x1.5 M14x23 (8x)66.7 296 Speed sensor (optional) Relief valve 178.5 186.5 cartridge (optional) 91.5 Mounting flange type I (ISO 3019-2) 39.5 ★ 90.5* Alternative drain port 10° M22x1.5 C or D (opposite; spline shaft `plugged) C:Ø44.6 h11; D: Ø49.6 h11 209 * Measurement valid for Ø141.6 spline type C. Corresponding Ø180 h8 measurement for spline type D Ø209 is 5 mm longer. Spline type C1) (DIN 5480) V14-160 W45 x 2 x 21 x 9 g Mounting flange type **Z** (ISO 3019-2) 35 Spline type D¹⁾ (DIN 5480) V14-160 W50 x 2 x 24 x 9 g 55° 90.5* 1) '30° involute spline, side fit'. C:Ø44.6 h11; D: Ø49.6 h11 **Ports** V14-160 Ø90 Main ports $32 \left[1^{1}/_{4} \right]$ Ø180 h8 Drain ports M22 x 1.5 Ø209 Main ports: ISO 6162, 41.5 MPa, type II

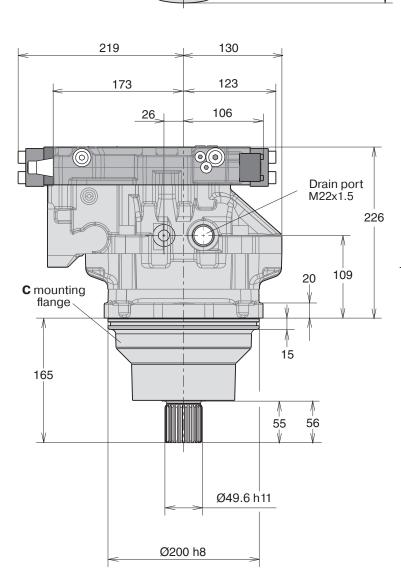


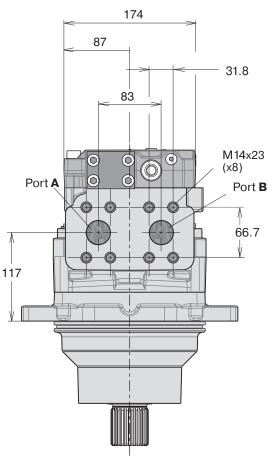
V14-160, Cartridge version





Shown: V14-160-cartridge with HO/HP control





Spline type D¹⁾ (DIN 5480) V14-160 W50 x 2 x 24 x 9 g

1) '30° involute spline, side fit'.

Ports	V14-160
Main ports	32 [1 ¹ / ₄ "]
Drain ports	M22 x 1.5

Main ports: ISO 6162, 41.5 MPa, type II



V14-160, SAE version (0.83) Ø21 (x4) (inch) 161.6 (6.36) Ø228.5 (9.00) 1/2" - 13 UNC Shown: V14-160-SAE with EO/EP control 161.6 (6.36) 139 (5.47) 180 (6.85) 219 (8.62) 180 (7.09) 87 (3.43) 31.8 (1.25) EO/EP solenoid 26 (1.02) (3.27)83with male connector \bigcirc • Port **B** Port A Ø32 (1.26) Ø32 (1.26) Drain port ¹/₂"-13 UNC 1¹/₁₆"-12 UN (opposite) (8x)(2.63)(12.91) 66.7 328 Drain port $1^{1}/_{16}$ "-12 UN Speed sensor (optional) Cartridge valve (optional) 0 4 219 (8.62) 211 (0.98)(8.31)124 25 (4.88)Alt. drain port 1¹/₁₆"-12 UN (opposite 75 (0.49) 12.5 (2.95)Mounting flange type **S** (SAE J744c) plugged) Ø43.71 (0/-0.13) (1 23/32) 200 dimension SAÉ D (7.87)Ø152.4 (0/-0.05) (6.00) **S** spline shaft 204 Spline type S¹⁾ (SAE J498b) (8.03)V14-160 SAE 'D' (13T, 8/16 DP) 1) '30° involute spline, side fit'.

Main ports: SAE J518c, 6000 psi

Ports

Main ports

Drain ports

V14-160

 $32 \left[1^{1}/_{4} \right]$

11/₁₆"-12 UN

